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CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

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Independent Auditors' Report

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Directors and Members
Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative as of and for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative as of December 31, 2016 and 2015, and the changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 4 and Note 7 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2016, Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, and GASB Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 7 and the pension schedule on page 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's basic financial statements.

The combining schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining schedules are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued a report dated March 17, 2017 on our consideration of Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut
March 17, 2017

Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

The following discussion and analysis of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC) provides an overview and analysis of CMEEC's financial performance during the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. The discussion and analysis should be read in conjunction with CMEEC's financial statements and the accompanying notes.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CMEEC was established in 1976 as a public directed joint action agency supply agency under Connecticut Public Act 75-634, subsequently enacted as Title 7-233, Chapter 101a of the General Statutes of Connecticut as amended. The mission and operating principles are founded on state statutes, CMEEC bylaws and a long standing commitment to serve community utilities. Legislative actions by Connecticut's General Assembly, dating back to the early 1900s, defined the franchise areas of each municipal utility and limited electric service to the municipality itself, an adjacent municipality and/or portions therein. In 1975, the municipalities obtained passage of legislation to form their own power supply company. State Statutes "permit municipal electric utilities in Connecticut to join together and form cooperative public corporations for the financing of the construction and acquisition of facilities for the purpose of furnishing efficient, low cost and reliable electric power in their areas of operation". For additional information, refer to Chapter 101 of the Connecticut General Statutes. As a result, the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative was created as the electric supplier for the state's municipal utilities. CMEEC became operational in 1978 as a non-profit, joint action power supply agency and first began providing wholesale power to participating municipal electric utilities in 1980. Today CMEEC manages power supply contracts, financing, acquisition, construction and operation of generating resources. CMEEC supplies power to its members and wholesale customers through various sources, including fossil-fueled generators, nuclear plants, hydroelectric station in Connecticut and massive power dams in Canada and New York. In 2013, CMEEC began expanding its market areas and currently serves customers and communities beyond Connecticut, to the extent allowed under its enabling statute.

CMEEC's all-requirements model requires member utilities to commit to purchase essentially all electric power requirements from CMEEC. This commitment results in a joint action agency with cooperative strengths vital to CMEEC's dealings with other utilities, the investment community and other energy industry stakeholders.

A basic statutory power given to CMEEC is legal authority to issue long-term tax-exempt electric power supply revenue bonds. CMEEC has the ability under law to borrow money at relatively low interest rates to pay for obtaining electric generating and transmission facilities. Repayment of interest received by bond-holders - the lender of money to CMEEC - is tax-exempt because the money borrowed is used for non-profit essential municipal utility purposes. CMEEC bonds are secured by power sales contracts between the agency and its Member or Participant utilities.

The municipal utilities do not conduct their electric operations for shareholder profit. In fact, there are no shareholders of either CMEEC or the municipal utilities. The customers and citizens of the municipality are the only "shareholders" for municipal utilities.

Under the contracts, money paid to CMEEC for community electricity goes to pay the real costs of obtaining the power, such as direct power production costs, basic staffing costs, power plant financing costs, and costs of entering into more beneficial power supply contracts with regional suppliers. Importantly, money collected by CMEEC under rates for electricity supplied to municipalities includes no so-called profit or shareholder dividends. Municipalities are charged a rate based on the actual cost of obtaining power with an additional percentage capped by state statute.

The accounting records of CMEEC are maintained using the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Uniform System of Accounts and Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and the Generally Accepted Accounting Principles of the United States (GAAP) using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Applications of the accounting methods for regulatory operations is also included in these financial statements. This accounting guidance relates to the deferral of revenues and expenses to future periods in which the revenues are earned or the expenses are recoverable through the rate-making process, which is governed by the Board of Directors.

The annual report consists of two parts: Management Discussion and Analysis (this section) and the basic financial statements. The Statements of Net Position report year end assets and liabilities based on the original cost adjusted for any depreciation, amortization or unrealized gains/losses as appropriate. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position present CMEEC's operating revenues and expenses incurred as a result of CMEEC's business activity. The Statements of Cash Flows report the cash provided and used for operating activities, as well as investing activities and capital and related financing activities.

An analysis of CMEEC's financial position begins with the review of the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenue, Expenses and Changes in Net Position and the Statement of Cash Flows.

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

Comparison of 2016 Financial Results to 2015 Financial Results

Net utility plant and property decreased by \$2.9 million due to accumulated depreciation and amortization of \$4 million offset by increased general plant in service of \$0.5 million and construction work in progress of \$0.6 million.

Investment in Energy New England decreased \$0.7 million due to CMEEC making a business decision to remove themselves from this investment.

Total Special Funds remained relatively unchanged.

Current Assets overall increased by \$4.3 million mainly due to decrease in cash of \$12.1 million and an increase in short term investments of \$17.1 million. This large change in both directions was due to an investment of \$17.1 million from cash to short term investments in 2016 vs 2015 as CMEEC implemented an updated investment policy. The remaining current assets had a net increase of \$0.6 million due to decreased accounts receivable of \$1.6 million offset by an increase of \$0.7 million purchase of renewable energy credits along with an increase of \$1.9 million due to under billings associated with the Massachusetts competitive supply aggregation coupled with a decrease on prepaid expenses of \$0.2 million.

The \$0.8 million increase in current liabilities is mainly attributable to the renewable energy credits reserve of \$0.7 million. The increase in other liabilities was due to a decrease of OPEB deferred credits of \$0.2 million and an increase of \$0.4 million attributable to competitive supply aggregation deferred credits.

Long Term Liabilities, including long term debt, decrease of \$12.6 million is mainly attributable to principal payments of \$7.6 million and also a pay down of the line of credit of \$5 million in 2016.

Rate Stabilization fund increase of \$8 million was due to budget rates billed to members being higher than actual rates. (See notes on power costs below.)

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The majority of CMEEC's Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position consists of the financial activity relating to revenues and expenses from power purchases and the PSAs for the Projects. Project revenues are derived, primarily, from PSAs with Project Participants. Under all PSAs, the Project Participants are required to pay their respective shares of CMEEC's actual costs relating to the Projects, including debt service. Thus, CMEEC's revenues for an individual Project are dependent on debt service and the costs associated with that particular Project. Revenues for the individual Projects vary from year to year as the costs CMEEC incurs relating to a Project vary.

Comparison of 2016 Financial Results to 2015 Financial Results

For 2016, power revenues decreased by \$31 million due to lower prices in the LMP of \$11.46 per MWh along with less load of 43,137 MWhs for CMEEC's members resulting in a decrease of \$14.6 million and also lower prices for the competitive supply Berkshire aggregation of \$17 per MWh and less load overall for the Massachusetts aggregation of 99,427 MWhs resulting in a decrease of \$16.4 million. Transmission Revenue of \$15.3 million for 2016 remained relatively unchanged vs prior year 2015. Uses of (additions to) rate stabilization and other revenues increase of \$1 million was attributable to a decrease of \$1 million in the Marlborough competitive supply aggregation contract ending in 2015 and also an increase of \$2 million attributable to the difference in the estimated billed energy rates vs actual rates being higher in 2016 vs 2015.

Purchased power expense and generation costs decreased by \$33.2M mainly due to the lower prices in the LMP and less load mentioned above. Transmission cost had relatively no change year over year.

Net Administrative and general expenses increased by \$1.8 million primarily due to a decrease in the amount of A&G allocated to Wallingford under the three contracts in effect of \$0.9 million and also increased salaries and wages due to a series of hiring activities for succession planning of \$0.5 million along with increased outside legal fees of \$0.4 million.

Other income and expense remained relatively unchanged year over year.

Change in bond expense to be recovered from future billings decreased accordingly year over year.

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the purposes of the Statements of Cash Flows, cash equivalents are cash and investments having an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash and cash equivalents decreased \$12.1 million mainly due to the purchase of short term investments during 2016 and decreased operating cash due to timing of payments for operational activities in 2016.

DEBT SERVICE COVERAGE

For the fiscal year ending on December 31, 2016, CMEEC met all covenants for its short and long term debt, including all payments and debt servicing requirements. In accordance CMEEC collections for the sale of output, and service exceeded the required 110% of Aggregate Debt Service for by the bond covenants.

LONG TERM DEBT RATINGS

During 2016, Moody's Investors Service reviewed and affirmed the each debt series listed below. Fitch Ratings last reviewed and affirmed the debt series in 2017.

Debt Series	Fitch Ratings	Moody's Investors Service
Transmission Services Revenue Bonds, 2012 Series A	A+	Aa3
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series A	A+	Aa3
Power Supply System Revenue Bonds, 2013 Series B	A+	Aa3

Note: In future years when prior year information is available a three year comparative analysis of data will be presented

**Basic
Financial
Statements**

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
ASSETS		
Utility Plant and Property		
Land	\$ 60	\$ 60
Intangible plant and property in service	861	861
General plant in service	146,636	146,058
Construction work in progress	1,481	919
	<u>149,038</u>	<u>147,898</u>
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	51,715	47,701
Net utility plant and property	<u>97,323</u>	<u>100,197</u>
Investment in Hydro Quebec	<u>107</u>	<u>107</u>
Investment in Energy New England	<u>-</u>	<u>709</u>
Special Funds		
Debt service funds	14,264	14,900
Conservation and load management fund	1,797	1,648
Economic development fund	2,318	2,004
Municipal Competitive Trust	15,055	14,735
Total special funds	<u>33,434</u>	<u>33,287</u>
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	32,616	44,761
Short-term investments	17,099	-
General reserve fund	2,296	3,823
Deposit for current debt service	8,863	8,849
Accounts receivable	7,712	8,048
Accounts receivable from related parties	14,513	15,764
Inventories	4,597	3,913
Other current assets	8,863	7,061
Total current assets	<u>96,559</u>	<u>92,219</u>
Other Assets		
Costs to be recovered from future billings	<u>7,222</u>	<u>7,400</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 234,645</u>	<u>\$ 233,919</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
Current Liabilities		
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 6,360	\$ 6,275
Accounts payable	14,435	14,950
Accrued liabilities	8,883	7,641
Accrued interest on long-term debt	2,556	2,598
Total current liabilities	<u>32,234</u>	<u>31,464</u>
Other Liabilities	1,744	1,689
Long-Term Liabilities		
Long-term debt, net of current portion	<u>119,513</u>	<u>132,137</u>
Total liabilities	<u>153,491</u>	<u>165,290</u>
Rate Stabilization Funds	<u>25,165</u>	<u>18,142</u>
Conservation and Load Management Fund	<u>1,797</u>	<u>1,648</u>
Economic Development Fund	<u>2,318</u>	<u>2,004</u>
Municipal Competitive Trust	<u>15,055</u>	<u>14,735</u>
Asset Management Reserve Deferral	<u>3,924</u>	<u>3,924</u>
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	(10,723)	(4,575)
Restricted for:		
Debt service	12,501	12,566
Unspent bond proceeds	584	812
Unrestricted	<u>30,533</u>	<u>19,373</u>
Total net position	<u>32,895</u>	<u>28,176</u>
Total Liabilities and Net Position	<u>\$ 234,645</u>	<u>\$ 233,919</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Operating Revenues		
Electric power supply revenues	\$ 142,964	\$ 173,804
Electric transmission revenues	15,345	15,461
Uses of (additions to) rate stabilization funds and other	<u>(8,062)</u>	<u>(7,050)</u>
Total operating revenues	<u>150,247</u>	<u>182,215</u>
Operating Expenses		
Purchased power and generation costs	122,278	155,968
Transmission costs	8,701	8,633
Administrative and general	6,022	4,251
Depreciation and amortization	<u>4,039</u>	<u>4,003</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>141,040</u>	<u>172,855</u>
Net Operating Income	<u>9,207</u>	<u>9,360</u>
Other Income (Expense)		
Interest and investment income	227	289
Interest expense	(5,459)	(5,462)
Amortization of debt discount and premium, issuance expense and loss on reacquisition of debt	1,174	1,258
Other income	<u>467</u>	<u>444</u>
Net other expense	<u>(3,591)</u>	<u>(3,471)</u>
Change in Bond Expenses to be Recovered from from Future Billings	<u>(897)</u>	<u>(2,192)</u>
Net Income	4,719	3,697
Excess Equity Distribution to Members	<u>-</u>	<u>(3,792)</u>
Change in Net Position	4,719	(95)
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>28,176</u>	<u>28,271</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 32,895</u>	<u>\$ 28,176</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		
Cash received from customers	\$ 163,627	\$ 190,074
Cash paid to suppliers:		
Fuel and purchased power	(122,962)	(156,693)
Transmission costs	(8,701)	(8,633)
Operations and maintenance	(4,308)	(4,774)
Cash paid to employees:		
Salaries and benefits	(5,534)	(4,959)
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>22,122</u>	<u>15,015</u>
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities		
Net change in grants receivable	<u>-</u>	<u>833</u>
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities		
Net change in fixed assets	(1,165)	(892)
Principal payments - long-term debt	(6,275)	(6,225)
Proceeds from line of credit	2,000	15,000
Principal payments - line of credit	(7,000)	-
Interest payment on debt	(5,501)	(5,505)
Excess equity distribution to members	-	(1,985)
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	<u>(17,941)</u>	<u>393</u>
Cash Flows from Investing Activities		
Contributions (drawdowns) to special funds	(388)	147
Proceeds from sale of investments	934	-
Purchase of short-term investments	(17,099)	-
Interest and investment income	227	289
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>(16,326)</u>	<u>436</u>
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(12,145)	16,677
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	<u>44,761</u>	<u>28,084</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	<u>\$ 32,616</u>	<u>\$ 44,761</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		
Operating income	\$ 9,207	\$ 9,360
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by operating activities		
Depreciation and amortization	4,039	4,003
Change in assets and liabilities:		
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	1,587	3,159
(Increase) decrease in inventories	(684)	(725)
(Increase) decrease in other assets and general reserve fund	(275)	(5,509)
(Increase) decrease in costs to be recovered from future billings to members	(74)	(75)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	694	(230)
Increase (decrease) in rate stabilization funds	7,023	5,183
Increase (decrease) in Economic Development Fund	314	66
Increase (decrease) in Conservation and Load Management Fund	149	(292)
Increase (decrease) in Municipal Competitive Trust	320	291
Increase (decrease) in other liabilities	(178)	(216)
Total adjustments	<u>12,915</u>	<u>5,655</u>
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	<u>\$ 22,122</u>	<u>\$ 15,015</u>
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Noncash investing, capital and financing transactions:		
Excess equity distribution to members transferred to special funds	\$ -	\$ 1,807
Amortization of debt discount and premium and issuance expenses	6,264	1,347
Increase (decrease) in investment in Energy New England	(8)	10
Change in bond expenses to be recovered through future billings	<u>252</u>	<u>1,821</u>
Net Noncash Investing, Capital and Financing Transactions	<u>\$ 6,508</u>	<u>\$ 4,985</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 1 - NATURE OF OPERATIONS

Organization

Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (CMEEC) was organized in 1976 as a public corporation under Connecticut Public Act 75-634, subsequently enacted as Title 7-233, Chapter 101a of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended. It is empowered to undertake the planning, financing, acquisition, construction and operation of facilities for the generation and transmission of electric power and energy for its member utilities (the Members) and others. Under the bylaws of CMEEC, a Board of Directors was established to act as a regulatory body for the review and approval of cost recovery through rates on an annual basis. The bylaws were amended in 1995 and 2013 to remain current with the statutory environment, with no fundamental operating changes effected.

Blended Component Units

Connecticut Transmission Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative (d/b/a TRANSCO), a blended component unit of CMEEC, was organized in 2009 as a public corporation under Connecticut Public Act 75-634, subsequently enacted as Title 7-233, Chapter 101a of the General Statutes of Connecticut, as amended. It is empowered to undertake the transmission of electric power and energy for its member utilities (the Members) and others. The Members of CMEEC and the Town of Wallingford Electric Division (WED) are Members of TRANSCO.

Sustainable Energy Analytics (SEA), a blended component unit of CMEEC, was created by CMEEC's Board of Directors in July 2007 for the purpose of maximizing energy related opportunities available under State of Connecticut law. SEA is wholly owned by CMEEC. During 2012, SEA wound down its operations. In 2014, the Board voted to dissolve SEA as a legal entity. The process of dissolution was completed in 2015.

Operations

CMEEC has entered into power sales contracts with each of the Members. Under the contracts, each of the utilities agreed to purchase essentially all of its electric power required for resale from CMEEC, with CMEEC's electric revenues to consist of billings for resale of power. The contracts obligate each system to pay for their share of CMEEC's fixed costs, which consist primarily of debt service and CMEEC administrative and general costs on a take-or-pay basis. The Members maintain this fixed cost obligation whether or not they take any power from CMEEC.

In addition to the Members, CMEEC provides electric service to WED and the Mohegan Tribal Utility Authority (MTUA). CMEEC also provides wholesale power to the Hampshire Council of Governments (HCOG) and participates in competitive power supply contracts. See Note 12 for additional information of these arrangements.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

As the governing body of CMEEC consists of members appointed by various local governments, the accounting records of CMEEC are maintained using the standards established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the Uniform System of Accounts of the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC) and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Application of the accounting methods for regulatory operations is also included in these financial statements. This accounting guidance relates to the deferral of revenues and expenses to future periods in which the revenues are earned or the expenses are recovered through the rate-making process, which is governed by the Board of Directors. The more significant accounting policies are summarized below.

Utility Plant and Property

Utility plant and property is stated at historical cost and is defined as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life of more than a year. Costs relative to the development of Firm Capacity Power Contracts and certain transmission facilities under which CMEEC purchases bulk electric power are classified as general plant in service. These costs include an allocation of direct and indirect charges for engineering, supervision and administrative expenses. Amortization of intangible plant in service is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each unit under contract, ranging from 10 to 30 years. Depreciation of general plant in service is computed on the straight-line method over the estimated lives of the assets ranging from 3 to 42 years. Costs related to plant not placed into service are classified as construction-in-process. Depreciation does not commence until the item is placed in service. For assets sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related accumulated depreciation and amortization are removed from the accounts, and any resulting gain or loss is distributed through the CMEEC billing process or is reflected in net income for the period.

Investment in Energy New England

CMEEC formerly participated in a partnership arrangement with several municipalities forming Energy New England (ENE). CMEEC's investment was accounted for under the equity method. Effective June 9, 2016 CMEEC sold its interest in ENE, recognizing a gain of \$234 and eliminating CMEEC's investment in ENE and its ownership percentage. For the year ended December 31, 2015, CMEEC's investment in ENE was \$709 and ownership percentage was 28.33%. CMEEC recognized a decrease in investment income of \$8 and an increase of \$10 in investment income for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Investment in Hydro Quebec

This investment is recorded at cost and represents CMEEC's 0.84% equity ownership interest in the Hydro Quebec Phase II Transmission Facilities. Effective July 2015, Hydro Quebec Energy Services U.S. began paying CMEEC a monthly fee of \$26 for the transfer of use rights associated with CMEEC's interest in the project. This is a three-year contract ending in June 2018.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Special Funds

Proceeds from the sale of revenue bonds were deposited in the special funds in accordance with the bond resolutions. Assets in the debt service funds are held by the trustee and invested until required for debt service payments in accordance with the provisions of bond resolutions. Assets in the conservation and load management fund, economic development fund and Municipal Competitive Trust are held for Members and MTUA. Assets in the general reserve are held by CMEEC. See Note 4 for additional information regarding special funds.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and have original maturities of three months or less. Cash equivalents are stated at cost and are adjusted for amortization of premium or accretion of discount, which approximates market value. CMEEC maintains their cash and cash equivalents in bank deposit accounts that, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. CMEEC has not experienced any losses in such accounts and believe they are not exposed to any significant credit risk on cash and cash equivalents.

Short-term Investments

Investments consist of debt and equity securities and are reported at fair value.

Costs to be Recovered from Future Billings

Rates for power billings to the Members are designed to recover CMEEC's allowable service costs as defined by the Power Supply System Revenue Bond Resolution, as amended, and the Power Sales Contracts. Certain expenses are not included as costs in the current period and are recognized in future periods when such expenses will be recovered through rates charged to the Members, and are included as costs to be recovered from future billings in the accompanying statements of net position. These deferrals primarily result from rates that are designed to recover the principal component of debt service. The difference between charges associated with specific assets and the principal payments of debt associated with those assets and currently recovered in rates is deferred and amortized over the life of the related debt. These deferred expenses consist of depreciation and amortization, funded interest costs after in-service date and net difference of the book value and the sales price of Millstone III in 2001. The net amounts recorded as change in bond expenses to be recovered from future billings were \$(897) and \$(2,192) for 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Unamortized debt discount or premium is amortized based on the interest method over the lives of the respective bond issues. The excess of the reacquisition price over the net carrying amount of refunded bonds is included in costs to be recovered from future billings to the Members and is being amortized using the bonds-outstanding method over the life of the new issues.

Rate Stabilization Funds

When the basic rates provide revenues in excess of the allowed service costs, the excess revenues are deferred. When the basic rates do not provide sufficient revenue to recover the actual allowable service costs, the excess costs are deferred for recovery, through either an increase in rates or amortization of existing deferred revenues. The deferral of revenues and amortization of deferred revenues is part of an overall rate setting policy approved on an annual basis by each system.

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Conservation and Load Management Fund

This fund is established pursuant to Bill #7501, "An Act Concerning Energy Independence," of the Connecticut General Assembly and is administered by CMEEC. The Act requires each municipal electric utility to accrue and deposit funds each year for the purpose of investment in renewable resources and for conservation and load management programs. There are no requirements related to the timing of use of these funds.

Economic Development Fund

This fund is established pursuant to the CMEEC rate structure and participant designations to collect 0.5 mils/kWh for the total kWh of load. Contributions may be changed by participants at any time. Funds shall be used for economic development activities.

Municipal Competitive Trust

The Municipal Competitive Trust (MCT) was established in 2003 to provide a means for the members to accumulate funds and enhance their financial position and flexibility in an increasingly competitive energy industry. Pursuant to resolution of the CMEEC Board of Directors, monies deposited in the MCT can be used to maintain rate stability and rate competitiveness, provide for retirement or liquidation of certain debt obligations, and pay for certain capital expenses related to power supply or infrastructure improvements. MCT is invested in corporate and bank certificates of deposit (fully insured), treasury bills, municipal bonds and government agencies.

General Reserve Fund

The General Reserve Fund is established pursuant to CMEEC's Power Supply Revenue Bond Resolution and CMEEC's Transmission Services Revenue Bond Resolution. Funds represent the remaining balance after all operating and debt service payments are transacted. These funds are unrestricted and can be used for any lawful purpose.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are recorded at net realizable value. Provision for credit losses on customer accounts is made in amounts required to maintain an adequate allowance to cover anticipated losses. No allowance was recorded as of December 31, 2016 and 2015.

Inventories

Material replacement parts inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Fuel inventories are valued at cost on a weighted-average basis. Renewable energy credits are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis and are purchased in accordance with contracted terms with certain customers.

Other Assets

Other assets include underbillings to customers. In the event there is a cost in excess of a contracted rate, there is an underbilled asset that is collected over future periods in accordance with contract stipulations. Underbillings are recorded at net realizable value.

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Operating Items

Operating revenues and expenses are distinguished from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and delivering goods in connection with CMEEC's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues are charges to customers for services. Operating expenses include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to use estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses. Significant estimates are used in the areas of general plant in service and costs to be recovered from future billings. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the prior years' financial statements to conform to the current year presentation. These reclassifications had no effect on previously reported results of operations or net position.

Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, management has evaluated subsequent events through March 17, 2017, which represents the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

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NOTE 3 - UTILITY PLANT AND PROPERTY

Utility plant and property activity for the year ended December 31, 2016 consisted of the following:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Utility plant and property not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60
Construction in progress	919	1,549	384	(603)	1,481
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>979</u>	<u>1,549</u>	<u>384</u>	<u>(603)</u>	<u>1,541</u>
Utility plant and property being depreciated:					
Intangible plant and property in service	861	-	-	-	861
General plant in service	146,058	-	25	603	146,636
Total utility plant and property being depreciated	<u>146,919</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>603</u>	<u>147,497</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Intangible plant and property in service	716	34	-	-	750
General plant in service	46,985	4,005	25	-	50,965
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>47,701</u>	<u>4,039</u>	<u>25</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>51,715</u>
Total utility plant and property being depreciated, net	<u>99,218</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>95,782</u>
Utility Plant and Property, Net	<u>\$ 100,197</u>	<u>\$ (2,490)</u>	<u>\$ (384)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 97,323</u>

Depreciation expense related to utility plant and property was \$4,039 for the year ended December 31, 2016.

Utility plant and property activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 consisted of the following:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Transfers</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>
Utility plant and property not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60
Construction in progress	501	897	-	(479)	919
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>561</u>	<u>897</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(479)</u>	<u>979</u>
Utility plant and property being depreciated:					
Intangible plant and property in service	861	-	-	-	861
General plant in service	145,639	-	60	479	146,058
Total utility plant and property being depreciated	<u>146,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>479</u>	<u>146,919</u>
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Intangible plant and property in service	683	33	-	-	716
General plant in service	43,075	3,970	60	-	46,985
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>43,758</u>	<u>4,003</u>	<u>60</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>47,701</u>
Total utility plant and property being depreciated, net	<u>102,742</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>99,218</u>
Utility Plant and Property, Net	<u>\$ 103,303</u>	<u>\$ (3,106)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 100,197</u>

Depreciation expense related to utility plant and property was \$4,003 for the year ended December 31, 2015.

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NOTE 4 - CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, CMEEC's deposit will not be returned. CMEEC does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$35,127 of CMEEC's bank balance of \$35,877 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and with an original maturity of 90 days or less. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, CMEEC had \$-0- and \$31,500, respectively, in certificates of deposit maturing within 90 days.

Investments

Special funds and short-term investments consist of U.S. government securities, municipal bonds, federal agency obligation and bank certificates of deposit in accordance with the provisions of bond resolutions. Special funds included in investments are the debt service funds, municipal competitive trust funds and deposits for current debt service, less any amounts considered to be cash or cash equivalents.

Management determines the proper classifications of investments in obligations with fixed maturities and marketable equity securities at the time of purchase and reevaluates such designations as of each balance sheet date. As of December 31, 2016, CMEEC intends and has the ability to hold the certain debt securities to maturity and has classified these debt securities as held to maturity. The cost of securities sold is based on specific identification. Please see Note 2 for related restrictions on these funds.

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As of December 31, 2016, CMEEC's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (In Years)			
		N/A	Less Than 1	1 to 10	More Than 10
Special Funds and Short-Term Investments					
Interest-bearing investments:					
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 34,932	\$ -	\$ 11,872	\$ 23,060	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies	15,346	-	-	15,346	-
Corporate Bonds	1,773	-	795	978	-
Total	52,051	\$ -	\$ 12,667	\$ 39,384	\$ -
Other Investments:					
Mutual Funds	3,056				
Total Investments	\$ 55,107				

As of December 31, 2015, CMEEC's investments consisted of the following:

Investment Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (In Years)			
		N/A	Less Than 1	1 to 10	More Than 10
Special Funds and Short-Term Investments					
Interest-bearing investments:					
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies	300	-	-	300	-
Total	325	\$ -	\$ 25	\$ 300	\$ -
Other Investments:					
Mutual Funds	41,811				
Total Investments	\$ 42,136				

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015 (Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Presented below is the rating of investments for each debt instrument type at fair value as of December 31, 2016:

<u>Average Rating</u>	<u>U.S. Government Securities</u>	<u>U.S. Government Agencies</u>	<u>Corporate Bonds</u>
AAA	\$ 34,932	\$ 12,057	\$ 245
AA1	-	-	242
AA2	-	-	245
AA3	-	-	246
Not Rated	-	3,289	795
	<u>\$ 34,932</u>	<u>\$ 15,346</u>	<u>\$ 1,773</u>

Presented below is the rating of investments for each debt instrument type at fair value as of December 31, 2015:

<u>Average Rating</u>	<u>U.S. Government Securities</u>	<u>U.S. Government Agencies</u>
AAA	\$ 25	\$ 300

Fair Value of Financial Instruments

During the year ended December 31, 2016, CMEEC adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. The new disclosure is presented below:

CMEEC categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements); followed by quoted prices in inactive markets or for similar assets or with observable inputs (Level 2 measurements); and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements).

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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Presented below is the recurring fair value measurements for each investment type as of December 31, 2016:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Investments by fair value level				
Debt securities:				
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 34,932	\$ 34,932	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies	15,346	-	15,346	-
Corporate Bonds	1,773	-	1,773	-
Equity securities:				
Mutual Funds	<u>3,056</u>	<u>3,056</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	<u>\$ 55,107</u>	<u>\$ 37,988</u>	<u>\$ 17,119</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Presented below is the recurring fair value measurements for each investment type as of December 31, 2015:

	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Level 1</u>	<u>Level 2</u>	<u>Level 3</u>
Investments by fair value level				
Debt securities:				
U.S. Government Securities	\$ 25	\$ 25	\$ -	\$ -
U.S. Government Agencies	300	-	300	-
Equity securities:				
Mutual Funds	<u>41,811</u>	<u>41,811</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total Investments by Fair Value Level	<u>\$ 42,136</u>	<u>\$ 41,836</u>	<u>\$ 300</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Government and Agency Securities and Corporate Bonds

U.S. Treasury bills, notes and bonds are valued at the closing price reported in the active market in which the individual securities are traded. Other government and agency securities are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar durations and credit ratings. Corporate bonds are valued based on yields currently available on comparable securities of issuers with similar durations and credit ratings.

Money Market and Mutual Funds

Money market and mutual funds are valued at the quoted price of shares held by CMEEC at year end.

For purposes of the following disclosure, the estimated fair value of a financial instrument is the estimated amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced sale or liquidation.

Of the total investments for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, \$8,863 and \$8,849, respectively, are reflected as current assets on the statements of financial position. These represent deposits in special funds for current debt service.

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Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. CMEEC's investment policy addresses interest rate risk by defining the allowable investment terms, investments and maximum allocation to each asset class.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. CMEEC's investment policy addresses credit risk by defining the allowable investments and maximum allocation to each asset class.

Custodial Credit Risk

For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, CMEEC will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. CMEEC's investments are not exposed to custodial credit risk at December 31, 2016. Furthermore, CMEEC, as an issuer of tax-exempt obligations, must not engage in any arbitrage practice prohibited by the arbitrage regulations promulgated under Section 103(c) of the Internal Revenue Code. In no event should funds be invested in a manner that will violate the provision of such Section 103(c). CMEEC's investment policy addresses custodial credit risk by defining the allowable investment terms, investments and maximum allocation to each asset class.

Concentrations of Credit Risk

CMEEC places no limit on the amount of investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of CMEEC's total investments.

NOTE 5 - COSTS TO BE RECOVERED FROM FUTURE BILLINGS

Costs to be recovered from future billings consist of amounts that will be recovered by CMEEC and TRANSCO through future rates and owners as follows:

	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
CMEEC:			
Debt related deferrals	\$ 3,587	\$	4,408
Other deferrals	910		987
TRANSCO:			
Debt related deferrals	2,725		1,705
Other deferrals	-		300
	<u>\$ 7,222</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>7,400</u>

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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NOTE 6 - DEBT AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Change in Long-Term Liabilities

The following is a summary of changes in debt and long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2016:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Bond payable:					
Bonds payable	\$ 112,390	\$ -	\$ 6,275	\$ 106,115	\$ 6,360
Bond premium	11,022	-	1,264	9,758	-
Total bonds payable	<u>123,412</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,539</u>	<u>115,873</u>	<u>6,360</u>
Other liabilities:					
Line of credit	15,000	2,000	7,000	10,000	-
Deferred compensation	1,287	-	192	1,095	-
Pierce decommissioning liability	402	2	-	404	-
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 140,101</u>	<u>\$ 2,002</u>	<u>\$ 14,731</u>	<u>\$ 127,372</u>	<u>\$ 6,360</u>

The following is a summary of changes in debt and long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2015:

	<u>Beginning Balance</u>	<u>Increases</u>	<u>Decreases</u>	<u>Ending Balance</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Bond payable:					
Bonds payable	\$ 118,615	\$ -	\$ 6,225	\$ 112,390	\$ 6,275
Bond premium	12,369	-	1,347	11,022	-
Total bonds payable	<u>130,984</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,572</u>	<u>123,412</u>	<u>6,275</u>
Other liabilities:					
Line of credit	-	15,000	-	15,000	-
Deferred compensation	1,499	-	212	1,287	-
Pierce decommissioning liability	400	2	-	402	-
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 132,883</u>	<u>\$ 15,002</u>	<u>\$ 7,784</u>	<u>\$ 140,101</u>	<u>\$ 6,275</u>

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

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Bonds Payable

The debt service requirements for CMEEC's consolidated debt outstanding as of December 31, 2016 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending December 31</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2017	\$ 6,360	\$ 5,005	\$ 11,365
2018	6,445	4,820	11,265
2019	3,325	4,624	7,949
2020	3,385	4,472	7,857
2021	3,465	4,304	7,769
2022-2026	18,695	18,860	37,555
2027-2031	21,415	13,926	35,341
2032-2036	24,875	7,910	32,785
2037-2041	16,395	1,893	18,288
2042	1,755		1,755
	<u>\$ 106,115</u>	<u>\$ 65,814</u>	<u>\$ 171,929</u>

On April 16, 2013, CMEEC issued \$58,450 Power Supply System Revenue Bonds (2013 Series A) and \$16,715 Power Supply System Revenue Bonds (2013 Series B). The 2013 Series A bonds bear interest at a range of 2-5% and were issued at a premium to yield 0.38-3.15%. These bonds mature January 1, 2014 through 2029. The 2013 Series B bonds bear interest at a range of 0.66-1.50%. These bonds mature January 1, 2014 through 2018.

On May 15, 2012, CMEEC issued \$31,980 of Transmission Service Revenue Bonds (2012 Series A). The 2012 Series A bonds bear interest at a rate of 5% and were issued at a premium to yield a range of 0.45-3.44%. These bonds mature January 1, 2013 through 2031.

On May 15, 2012, TRANSCO issued \$20,690 Transmission System Revenue Bonds (2012 Series A). The 2012 Series A bonds bear interest at a range of 2-5% and were issued at a premium to yield a range of 3.44-3.79%. These bonds mature January 1, 2031 through 2042. Under the agreement, TRANSCO will pay semi-annual interest payments on January 1 and July 1 of each year commencing July 1, 2012. CMEEC is obligated by the Comprehensive Management Service Agreement to pay all costs of TRANSCO in providing such transmission services, including the debt service on the 2012 Series A Bonds.

The excess of the reacquisition price over the net carrying amount of the refunded bonds is included in costs to be recovered from future billings and is being amortized using the bonds-outstanding method over the life of the new issues. The unamortized balance at December 31, 2016 and 2015, is \$5,799 and \$7,040, respectively. This amount is being recovered over the life of the new bonds. CMEEC will benefit from reduced debt service costs over the life of the new issues as a result of the refundings.

Each series of revenue bonds is collateralized by a pledge of revenues derived by CMEEC or TRANSCO, as applicable, from the operating of its power supply system and/or transmission service.

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The Power Supply System Bond Resolution and CMEEC Transmission Services Revenue Bond Resolution contain various restrictive covenants that require, among other things, that CMEEC establish rates each year sufficient to recover all operating costs, to recover 110% of debt service and to maintain required amounts in the special funds.

The TRANSCO Transmission System Bond Resolution contains various restrictive covenants that require, among other things, that TRANSCO establish rates each year sufficient to recover all operating costs, to recover 100% of debt service and to maintain required amounts in the special funds.

Of the \$106,115 long-term debt outstanding at December 31, 2016, \$21,725 is the responsibility of the nonmembers for their participation in the respective projects.

The premium amortization schedule is as follows:

Year Ending December 31

2017	\$	1,154
2018		1,053
2019		958
2020		856
2021		762
Thereafter		<u>4,975</u>
	\$	<u><u>9,758</u></u>

Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, CMEEC has defeased certain revenue bonds by placing proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included on CMEEC's financial statements.

The balance in escrow for the remaining payments of principal and interest on the refunding issuance dated April 16, 2013 was \$57,850 at December 31, 2016. The outstanding balance of the defeased bonds as of December 31, 2016 is \$56,400.

Lines of credit

CMEEC has a line of credit with Wells Fargo Bank with available amounts of \$30,000 bearing interest at LIBOR Market Index Rate plus 1.50%. No balance was drawn or outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and 2015. A fee of 0.30% is assessed on any unused balance. Subsequent to the year ended December 31, 2016 the line of credit was amended to extend the expiration date to from January 30, 2017 to January 30, 2019, and the availability rate was increased to 0.35%. All other remaining terms noted to stay substantially the same.

CMEEC also has a line of credit with Bank of Montreal on August 26, 2011 with available amounts of \$15,000 bearing interest at LIBOR Market Index Rate plus 1.50%. No balance was drawn or outstanding as of December 31, 2016 and 2015. A fee of 0.25% is assessed on any unused balance. The line expires on August 26, 2017.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

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On August 31, 2015, CMEEC established an additional line of credit with Bank of Montreal with available amounts of \$50,000 bearing interest at LIBOR Market Index Rate plus 1.10%. At December 31, 2016 and 2015, there was \$10,000 and \$15,000 outstanding on the line of credit, respectively. A fee of 0.25% is assessed on any unused balance. The line expires on August 31, 2020.

Lines of credit have been established to provide for operational cash flow fluidity and to accommodate for delays in cost recovery from the point in which costs are incurred to when they are recovered through the billing rates.

Pierce Decommissioning Liability

GAAP requires that a liability be recognized for an asset retirement obligation in the period in which it is incurred if a reasonable estimate of fair value can be made. At a future date, CMEEC will be obligated to incur costs in order to retire generation and transmission assets and return applicable property to its original condition. At this point, CMEEC is not able to estimate the date, or range of potential dates, of settlement of these obligations. Accordingly, the liability associated with these obligations is not reasonably estimable. As of December 31, 2016, approximately \$404 has been collected from customers and is being maintained in reserve for the purpose of eventual retirement obligations.

NOTE 7 - RETIREMENT PLANS

The National Rural Electric Cooperative Association (NRECA) Retirement Security Plan (RS Plan) is a defined benefit pension plan qualified under Section 401 and tax-exempt under Section 501(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. Each co-op in the plan including CMEEC elects to participate in the plan. CMEEC can choose to withdraw from the RS Plan, subject to plan provisions that require them to fully fund its share of RS Plan liabilities before withdrawing. The RS Plan is sponsored and administered by NRECA and is a cost-sharing pension plan that has the characteristics described in paragraph 2 of GASB Statement No. 78.

A unique characteristic of a multiemployer plan compared to a single employer plan is that all plan assets are available to pay benefits of any plan participant. Separate asset accounts are not maintained for participating employers. This means that assets contributed by one employer may be used to provide benefits to employees of other participating employers.

The total annual contribution is determined actuarially to be sufficient in funding the benefits of the RS Plan as a level percentage of covered payroll over the average expected remaining working lifetime of its participants. The amount is determined annually. This total annual contribution is allocated based on CMEEC's RS Plan provisions and participant demographics (in particular, the average age of participants and each participant's pay level). CMEEC must contribute annually in accordance with the terms of the RS Plan, and may amend certain benefit provisions changing the corresponding contribution level after the effective date of the amendment.

CMEEC contributions to the RS Plan in 2016 and in 2015 represented less than 5% of the total contributions made to the plan by all participating employers. Contribution rates are determined by NRECA based on funding levels and projected obligations to be paid out. Required contributions to the plan for 2016 and 2015 as a percent of covered payroll were 24.43% and 23.36%, respectively.

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DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

CMEEC made contributions to the plan of \$704 in 2016 and \$635 in 2015 and had no amounts payable to the RS plan as of December 31, 2016 and 2015. Amounts contributed to the RS Plan for 2016 and 2015 were 100% of the contributions required by NRECA for each respective year. Average employees covered under the plan totaled 28.6 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015. There have been no significant changes that affect the comparability of 2016 and 2015 contributions.

Plan benefits under the RS Plan follow a graduated benefit model where 1.9% of the participant's final average effective salary is multiplied by years of benefit service. Benefits are not adjusted for increases in the cost-of-living (COLA). Participants become eligible to begin collecting benefits upon the normal retirement date, which is considered to be the first day of the month coincident with or next following a participant's attainment of age 65. CMEEC may amend certain benefit terms of the plan, including benefit levels provided for each year of service, normal retirement age, COLA adjustments to retiree annuity payments, eligibility for participation, and required employee contributions to the plan. Other plan terms, such as vesting periods, forms of payment, and factors used to reduce benefits for early retirement and conversion of benefits to optional forms of payment, are governed at the overall plan level and cannot be adjusted by CMEEC (such provisions require approval by the NRECA board of directors).

In the RS Plan, a "zone status" determination is not required, and therefore not determined, under the Pension Protection Act (PPA) of 2006. In addition, the accumulated benefit obligations and plan assets are not determined or allocated separately by individual employer. In total, the RS Plan was 105.5% funded on January 1, 2015 and 115.9% funded at January 1, 2014 based on the PPA funding target and PPA actuarial value of assets on those dates. The RS Plan must meet minimum funding requirements under ERISA, as determined by Internal Revenue Service regulations.

Because the provisions of the PPA do not apply to the RS Plan, funding improvement plans and surcharges are not applicable. Future contribution requirements are determined each year as part of the actuarial valuation of the plan and may change as a result of plan experience.

The RS Plan must file annual reports with the U.S. Department of Labor (Form 5500) that include a copy of the RS Plan annual financial statements. An electronic copy of Form 5500, and the plan's annual financial statements, can be obtained by going to www.efast.dol.gov and using the search tool (Employer Identification Number 530116145; Plan Number 333). Copies of the RS Plan's annual financial statements are also available to cooperative representatives by calling NRECA's Member Contact Center at 866.673.2299.

CMEEC also has a plan under Section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code covering all eligible employees. Under the plan, CMEEC contributes 1% of the employee's base salary. CMEEC's contribution expenses under the plan were \$35 and \$37 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

CMEEC has post-employment contracts and associated liabilities valued at \$1,095 and \$1,287 at December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively. The first payment was in March 2012. Payments continue through 2038.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 8 - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related parties consist of member municipal utility departments that have representation on the Board of Directors of CMEEC and TRANSCO. Operating revenues currently billed and amounts due from related parties are summarized below:

	2016		2015	
	Revenues from Related Parties	Accounts Receivable from Related Parties	Revenues from Related Parties	Accounts Receivable from Related Parties
Members				
Groton	\$ 35,411	\$ 5,356	\$ 40,199	\$ 5,962
Norwich	28,771	4,699	31,561	4,775
Jewett City	2,350	225	2,483	196
East Norwalk	6,612	566	6,788	986
South Norwalk	9,288	844	9,311	734
Bozrah	9,367	2,140	11,604	1,852
Wallingford	7,278	683	11,600	1,259
	<u>\$ 99,077</u>	<u>\$ 14,513</u>	<u>\$ 113,546</u>	<u>\$ 15,764</u>

NOTE 9 - POWER SUPPLY ACTIVITIES

Power Purchase and Sale Forward Contracts

CMEEC manages risks associated with power supply commitments and excess capacity by entering into forward contracts for the purchase and sale of electricity in the normal course of business. None of these contracts are on a take-or-pay basis. These contracts qualify for the normal purchases and sales exception under GAAP and are not accounted for as derivatives.

Risk Management

CMEEC developed risk management policies and procedures for fuel swap, option contract and power purchase and sale forward contract activities. The objectives of the risk management policies are to optimize power supply resources, control costs and manage price volatility to the Members and customers.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

NOTE 10 - SIGNIFICANT CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK

The majority of CMEEC's sales are to the six municipal electric systems, WED and MTUA. As of December 31, 2016, two of those systems had accounts receivable balances greater than 10% of total receivables and had individual power sales revenue in excess of 10% of total power supply revenues. CMEEC also had an accounts receivable balance greater than 10% for one of the towns serviced through the competitive power supply agreement with Hampshire Council of Governments as detailed at Note 12.

NOTE 11 - OPERATING LEASES

In July 2006, CMEEC entered into an agreement with WED to lease a partition of land and buildings for the purpose of installing and maintaining a new electric generation facility (the Pierce Project). The lease expires December 31, 2027, but may be extended an additional five years at CMEEC's option. The rent is payable in annual installments of \$300 per year, spread ratably over the 12-month period thereafter with an annual increase of 1.5% starting in October 2012. Lease expense was \$320 and \$315 for the years ended December 31, 2016 and 2015, respectively.

Expected future payments under the Pierce operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31

2017	\$	324
2018		329
2019		334
2020		339
2021		344
2022 - 2026		1,801
2027		<u>313</u>
	\$	<u>3,784</u>

During 2007, CMEEC completed construction of the Pierce Project. The generator became operational on October 4, 2007. CMEEC contracted with EthosEnergy Power Plant Services, LLC, to operate and maintain the facility. As discussed in Note 1, all operating expenses are paid for by CMEEC and are included in power generation costs on the statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position.

During 2009 and 2010, CMEEC entered into lease agreements with property owners located in the service territory of the Members and participants for the purpose of installing the equipment pertaining to the MicroGen Project (formerly known as 50 in 5 Project).

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

Expected future payments under these operating leases are as follows:

Year Ending December 31

2017	\$	180
2018		180
2019		180
2020		104
2021		14
		<hr/>
	\$	658

In 2014, CMEEC entered into a twenty-year lease agreement for the property located at the sub base in Groton, Connecticut, to install peaking and backup generation. The annual rent payment during the construction phase is \$10 increasing to \$57 upon commercial operation. Commercial operation was not reached as of December 31, 2016.

NOTE 12 - CONTRACTS

CMEEC provides electric service to the Town of Wallingford Electric Division (WED). Under the terms of a Memorandum of Agreement dated February 23, 2012, WED is obligated to pay for all forward energy purchases made on its behalf for the period of 2014-2017. In addition, WED is responsible for payment of an allocation of CMEEC administrative expenses proportional to the forward energy purchases made on its behalf for the same period. On July 1, 2006, WED entered into a contract for the sale of Pierce Project Electric Power & Energy (the Pierce Project). On January 22, 2009, WED entered into a contract for the sale of the MicroGen Peaking Project Electric Power and Crediting of Avoided Cost Benefits (formerly known as the 50 in 5 Project). WED is entitled to its net benefit and is responsible for its allocable share of the costs of these projects. See also Note 13.

CMEEC also provides the Mohegan Tribal Utility Authority (MTUA) its full requirements for electric service pursuant to the restated and amended agreement for the supply of electric power and energy (the MTUA Contract) beginning January 1, 2014. Under the MTUA Contract, MTUA agrees to purchase from CMEEC essentially all electric capacity and energy that MTUA will require for its own retail sales. MTUA will also reimburse CMEEC for the use of certain transmission and distribution facilities. Also, according to the contract the cost of distribution facility construction and upgrades will be paid for by CMEEC. The initial term expires on December 31, 2021, with a provision for optional extensions by MTUA beginning January 1, 2022 through December 2022. On July 31, 2006, MTUA entered into a contract for the sale of the Pierce Project Electric Power & Energy (the Pierce Project). MTUA is entitled to its net benefit and is responsible for its allocable share of the cost of the Pierce Project.

TRANSCO entered into an agreement with Connecticut Light & Power Company to purchase certain transmission facilities located within the Town of Wallingford (Transmission Project #1), and the two parties jointly filed at the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission (FERC). The acquisition of these facilities was financed through a combination of CMEEC and TRANSCO bond financing. WED did not participate in Transmission Project #1 and is not obligated to pay the associated debt service costs. CMEEC is obligated by the Comprehensive Management Services Agreement to pay all costs of TRANSCO in providing such transmission services, including debt service on the 2012 Series A Bonds.

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2016 AND 2015

(Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

CMEEC provides wholesale power to the Hampshire Council of Governments (HCOG), a competitive supplier in Massachusetts under a purchase power agreement. The power being supplied to HCOG is being utilized to serve several "aggregation" loads in Massachusetts and have various terms, the last expiring in 2019.

Effective March 4, 2016, CMEEC entered into a competitive elective service agreement with the town of Tewksbury, Massachusetts. Under the terms of the contract CMEEC is granted the exclusive right to provide all-requirements power supply to participating consumers within the town of Tewksbury through May of 2021.

NOTE 13 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

In September 2011, the Massachusetts Attorney General filed a complaint at FERC, seeking a reduction in the base Return on Equity (ROE) component of the Regional Network Service revenue requirements for all electric transmission owners, from the previously approved level of 11.14%. The final FERC decision, on October 16, 2014, found that the base ROE should be reduced to 10.57% with a total ROE, including incentive additions, not to exceed a top range of 11.74%, with refunds to be issued within 30 days of the decision. The net impact on the ROE for TRANSCO Project #1 Facilities will be a reduction of ROE from 12.64% to 11.74%. A request for an extension of time to complete the refund process was filed and approved. TRANSCO established a reserve for the payment of the refund. The net balance of the reserve at December 31, 2016 is \$459, reflecting an accrual of \$790 less refund payments of \$331 through December 31, 2016. As of December 31, 2016, CMEEC has received \$833 of refunded transmission expense. CMEEC has not entered any receivable for the balance of the refund.

WED has disputed administrative and general charges being allocated to them under the three contracts remaining in effect as of December 31, 2016 as well as various other charges charged under the contracts. The contractually defined dispute resolution process started with direct negotiations between the parties, followed by mediation, followed finally by binding arbitration. The parties are currently involved in arbitration with a final decision expected in mid-2017.

CMEEC is involved in litigation with respect to certain matters and is subject to other claims that arise in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management, none of these matters is expected to have a materially adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations.

Substantially beginning during the year ended December 31, 2016, CMEEC entered into a solar power purchase agreement with SolarCity Corporation (SolarCity). Under the terms of the agreement, CMEEC is obligated to purchase the power and any related environmental attributes generated by the local solar systems installed by SolarCity and becoming operational beginning in late 2016. Under the terms of the contract the power and any additional benefits generated and purchased by CMEEC may be utilized by CMEEC or resold. Due to the variation expected monthly on the amount of power and related environmental attributes produced, no future obligations have been disclosed.

**Required
Supplementary
Information**

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE
SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS
NATIONAL RURAL ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION RETIREMENT SECURITY PLAN
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
(In Thousands)

	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2008</u>	<u>2007</u>
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 704	\$ 635	\$ 634	\$ 627	\$ 605	\$ 530	\$ 475	\$ 320	\$ 247	\$ 215
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	<u>704</u>	<u>635</u>	<u>634</u>	<u>627</u>	<u>605</u>	<u>530</u>	<u>475</u>	<u>320</u>	<u>247</u>	<u>215</u>
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ <u>-</u>									

Notes to Schedule:

Significant changes in plan contributions - In 2006 through 2008, the plan was overfunded which led to a decrease in the contributions required. In 2009, 2010 and 2013 the contribution rates were increased to supplement a lower recognized investment return than the 8.5% expected annual return.

Combining Schedules

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

EXHIBIT A-1

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION

DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In Thousands)

	CMEEC Power Supply Operations	CMEEC Transmission Operations	CMEEC Total	TRANSCO	Eliminations	Total
ASSETS						
Utility Plant and Property						
Land	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ 60	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 60
Intangible plant and property in service	861	-	861	-	-	861
General plant in service	93,693	-	93,693	52,943	-	146,636
Construction work in progress	1,481	-	1,481	-	-	1,481
	<u>96,095</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>96,095</u>	<u>52,943</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>149,038</u>
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	40,117	-	40,117	11,598	-	51,715
Net utility plant and property	<u>55,978</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>55,978</u>	<u>41,345</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>97,323</u>
Investment in Hydro Quebec	<u>107</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>107</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>107</u>
Investment in TRANSCO	<u>-</u>	<u>32,633</u>	<u>32,633</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(32,633)</u>	<u>-</u>
Special Funds						
Debt service funds	11,538	-	11,538	2,726	-	14,264
Conservation and load management fund	1,797	-	1,797	-	-	1,797
Economic development fund	2,318	-	2,318	-	-	2,318
Municipal Competitive Trust	15,055	-	15,055	-	-	15,055
Total special funds	<u>30,708</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,708</u>	<u>2,726</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>33,434</u>
Current Assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	24,632	-	24,632	7,984	-	32,616
Short-term investments	17,099	-	17,099	-	-	17,099
General reserve fund	2,296	-	2,296	-	-	2,296
Deposit for current debt service	8,345	-	8,345	518	-	8,863
Accounts receivable	7,683	-	7,683	29	-	7,712
Accounts receivable from related parties	14,607	-	14,607	830	(924)	14,513
Inventories	4,597	-	4,597	-	-	4,597
Other current assets	8,411	-	8,411	452	-	8,863
Total current assets	<u>87,670</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>87,670</u>	<u>9,813</u>	<u>(924)</u>	<u>96,559</u>
Other Assets						
Costs to be recovered from future billings	<u>9,813</u>	<u>(5,316)</u>	<u>4,497</u>	<u>2,725</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,222</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 184,276</u>	<u>\$ 27,317</u>	<u>\$ 211,593</u>	<u>\$ 56,609</u>	<u>\$ (33,557)</u>	<u>\$ 234,645</u>

(Continued on next page)

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

EXHIBIT A-1

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

DECEMBER 31, 2016

(In Thousands)

	CMEEC Power Supply Operations	CMEEC Transmission Operations	CMEEC Total	TRANSCO	Eliminations	Total
LIABILITIES AND MEMBERS' EQUITY						
Current Liabilities						
Current portion of long-term debt	\$ 4,605	\$ 1,755	\$ 6,360	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,360
Accounts payable	14,762	-	14,762	597	(924)	14,435
Accrued liabilities	8,397	-	8,397	486	-	8,883
Accrued interest on long-term debt	1,422	616	2,038	518	-	2,556
Total current liabilities	29,186	2,371	31,557	1,601	(924)	32,234
Other Liabilities	1,744	-	1,744	-	-	1,744
Long-Term Liabilities						
Long-term debt, net of current portion	73,943	23,195	97,138	22,375	-	119,513
Total liabilities	104,873	25,566	130,439	23,976	(924)	153,491
Rate Stabilization Funds	25,165	-	25,165	-	-	25,165
Conservation and Load Management Funds	1,797	-	1,797	-	-	1,797
Economic Development Fund	2,318	-	2,318	-	-	2,318
Municipal Competitive Trust	15,055	-	15,055	-	-	15,055
Asset Management Reserve Deferral	3,924	-	3,924	-	-	3,924
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	(4,141)	-	(4,141)	(6,582)	-	(10,723)
Restricted for:						
Debt service	11,363	-	11,363	1,138	-	12,501
Unspent bond proceeds	584	-	584	-	-	584
Unrestricted	23,338	1,751	25,089	38,077	(32,633)	30,533
Total net position	31,144	1,751	32,895	32,633	(32,633)	32,895
Total Liabilities and Net Position	\$ 184,276	\$ 27,317	\$ 211,593	\$ 56,609	\$ (33,557)	\$ 234,645

CONNECTICUT MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC ENERGY COOPERATIVE

EXHIBIT A-2

**COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016**

(In Thousands)

	<u>CMEEC Power Supply Operations</u>	<u>CMEEC Transmission Operations</u>	<u>CMEEC Total</u>	<u>TRANSCO</u>	<u>Eliminations</u>	<u>Consolidated</u>
Operating Revenues						
Electric power supply revenues	\$ 142,964	\$ -	\$ 142,964	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 142,964
Electric transmission revenues	2,103	13,242	15,345	26,289	(26,289)	15,345
Uses of (additions to) rate stabilization funds and other	(9,121)	1,059	(8,062)	-	-	(8,062)
Total operating revenues	<u>135,946</u>	<u>14,301</u>	<u>150,247</u>	<u>26,289</u>	<u>(26,289)</u>	<u>150,247</u>
Operating Expenses						
Purchased power and generation costs	122,278	-	122,278	-	-	122,278
Transmission costs	101	10,983	11,084	23,094	(25,477)	8,701
Administrative and general	6,022	-	6,022	1,621	(1,621)	6,022
Depreciation and amortization	2,690	-	2,690	1,349	-	4,039
Total operating expenses	<u>131,091</u>	<u>10,983</u>	<u>142,074</u>	<u>26,064</u>	<u>(27,098)</u>	<u>141,040</u>
Net Operating Income	<u>4,855</u>	<u>3,318</u>	<u>8,173</u>	<u>225</u>	<u>809</u>	<u>9,207</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)						
Interest and investment income	266	(39)	227	-	-	227
Interest expense	(3,193)	(1,232)	(4,425)	(1,034)	-	(5,459)
Amortization of debt discount and premium, issuance expense and loss on reacquisition of debt	760	414	1,174	74	(74)	1,174
Other income	467	-	467	-	-	467
Net nonoperating expense	<u>(1,700)</u>	<u>(857)</u>	<u>(2,557)</u>	<u>(960)</u>	<u>(74)</u>	<u>(3,591)</u>
Change in Bond Expenses to be Recovered from Future Billings to Members	<u>51</u>	<u>(948)</u>	<u>(897)</u>	<u>735</u>	<u>(735)</u>	<u>(897)</u>
Change in Net Position	3,206	1,513	4,719	-	-	4,719
Net Position at Beginning of Year	<u>27,938</u>	<u>238</u>	<u>28,176</u>	<u>32,633</u>	<u>(32,633)</u>	<u>28,176</u>
Net Position at End of Year	<u>\$ 31,144</u>	<u>\$ 1,751</u>	<u>\$ 32,895</u>	<u>\$ 32,633</u>	<u>\$ (32,633)</u>	<u>\$ 32,895</u>

**Independent
Auditors' Report
on Internal Control**

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Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

To the Board of Directors and Members
Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative as of and for the year ended December 31, 2016, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 17, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and, therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify the following deficiency in internal control that we consider to be a significant deficiency:

Statement of Financial Position Review

Background: During procedures performed over the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2016, we noted a liability was recorded and outstanding as of year-end which did not represent an obligation of Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative. This was caused by an entry recording a liability and expense in representation of funds being set aside for a specific internal purpose. However, there was no true expense or liability on behalf of Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative as of December 31, 2016.

Recommendation: It is our understanding that this entry was initiated on an interim basis during 2016 by a former employee no longer with CMEEC and during a period of transition of key financial accounting personnel. However, we recommend that procedures be strengthened over the review of the period ending statement of financial position in order to better detect and correct any balances that may be inappropriate.

Management Response: Management agrees with the recommendation and has instituted monthly reconciliations of all statement of financial position accounts as part of the monthly close and issuance of internal financials.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the result of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the Connecticut Municipal Electric Energy Cooperative's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Blum, Shapiro & Company, P.C.

West Hartford, Connecticut
March 17, 2017